



Baroldi Giorgio

M.D. Ph.D Professor Emeritus of Pathological Anatomy and Cardiovascular Pathology

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Giorgio Baroldi, MD, PhD, FACC, FESC, Professor emeritus of Pathology and Cardiovascular Pathology

Laurea in Medicina all'Università di Milano. Libera Docenza in Anatomia Patologica. Professore Emerito in Anatomia patologica. Cattedra di Patologia Cardiovascolare Facoltà di Medicina Università di Milano. Professore Associato Consiglio Nazionale delle Ricerche, Pisa e Milano

M.D. Ph.D. Professor Emeritus of Pathological Anatomy and Cardiovascular Pathology. Associate Professor at the Institute of Clinical Physiology, National Research Council of Pisa and Milan FACC, Fellow American College of Cardiology FESC Fellow European Society of Cardiology

Giorgio Baroldi, MD, PhD, FACC, FESC, Professor emeritus of Pathology and Cardiovascular Pathology, Medical School, University of Milan, Associate Professor of the Institute of Clinical Physiology, National Research Council, Pisa and Milan, Italy. His main interest was and still is to correlate pathomorphology and clinical pattern in cardiac diseases. He started by demonstrating tridimensionally, an extensive collateral or anastomotic network in the intramyocardial arterial system of coronary circulation, with many facts supporting their ability to compensate even numerous coronary obstructions and questioning the existence of a chronic ischemia. These data resulted in a Postdoctoral Research Fellowship Award FF452 of National Health Institute and he continued his research programs first at the Armed Forces Institute of Pathology, Washington D.C. and after at Banting Institute, Toronto, Canada, Division of Cardiology of Omaha, University of Nebraska, Institute of Cardiac Surgery Houston, Texas, Istituto Patologia, University S. Paulo, Campo di Riberão Preto. The demonstration that different types of damage of myocardial cells exist arised the concept that an adrenergic stress, namely an excess of noradrenalin in the myocardial interstitium may play an essential role in the cardiac arrest both after a cardiac infarct and sudden/unexpected death.

Dr. Baroldi received the Hektoen Silver Medal of the Am. Heart Ass. (S. Francisco 1964), Silver Medal of the College of American Pathologists (Chicago, 1965), Distinguished Achievement Award of the Society of Cardiovascular Pathology (New Orleans, 2000). At present he has published 269 papers, 4 monographs and 11 chapters in textbooks.